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Just Published

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By SAMUEL WILSON,

PRICE 25 CENTS SINGLE-SO PER DOEN

JUST UBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE, PRICE 25 CENTS ASERMON

ON REGENERATION,

APOLOGY AND AN ADDRESS To the Synod of Kenktucky; TOGETHER WITH

AN APPENDIX.

BY T. B. CRAIGHEAD, A.B. V. D. M.

A GREAT BARGAIN. For Sale-the House and Lot at prefent occupied by the Rev. Adam Ran-kin, lying on Main Street. The Lot is 75 feet fronting on faid street, and running back 160 feet to an alley. The House is 40 feet in length, of brick, two stories high, with a brick kitchen, smoke house, A part in cash, or negotiable paper at a fhort date, will be required, and confiderable credit given for the remain-der-or for the whole in band, the above

property will be sold much under its value.

DANIEL BRADFORD.

Lexington March 27.

tf

NOTICE.

IT has been represented to the Secretary of State, that William Varney, George Beverly, Lawrence Ward, John Wilds, and James Venderbort, who call themselves American citizens, have been impressed into the British Navy. The friends of these men are therefore requelled to forward to this Department, proof of the citizenship and a deteription of the perfons of the a foresaid seamen, in order that measures may be taken to obtain their discharge.

Feb. 201h, 1810. Editors of papers, who publish the Laws of the United States, are requested to infert the above notice, three times in their respective Gazettes. Feburary 23, 1810.

KEENE'S LIVERY STABLE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that those Stables are now occupied by the subscriber, who begs leave to assure there that he will at all times pay the most strict attention to hors es left in his care—His extensive knowledge and known skil in horses, are sufficient to en ure him the c stom of his friends.

RICHARDSON ALLEN. Lexington, Jan. 27, 1810.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, Madison County, Sci. Marca Team, 1810. John Harrison's Administrators, compl'ts,

William Peak and Francis Hally, def'ts.
IN CAANCERY.

habitant of this common wealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this court; therefore on to law and the rules of this court; therefore on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said absent defendant (William Peak) do appear here on or before the third day of the next August term of this court; and dr. Hyde's Coiner. of the next August term of this court and answer the complainant's bill, or on failure thereof the same shall be taken as confessed against him and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper printed in this commonwealth eight weeks agreeable to an act in such case made and pro-

CHRISTO. IRVINE, D. C. M. C. S.

JOSEPH H. HAWKINS

WILL hereafter Practice Law in the Mont gomery Circuit Court.

TOHN F. BELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW will punctually attend the courts of Fayette. Woodford and Scott. He resides in the upper corner house of the row fronting the south east end of the Court House, at Lexington.

JOSEPH HAMILTON PAVEISS, Attor ney, will resume his practice—He resides in Lexington. All letters to him must be post-paid. Feb's. 15th, 1809.

C. H. ALLEN ATTORNEY AT LAW WILL PUNCTUALLY A. FAYETTE AND JESSAMINE. March 3d, 1810. WILL PUNCTUALLY ATTEND THE COURTS OF

DOCTOR BARRY

Has resumed the practice of Medicine, in Lexington and its vicinity. He will be found at the Kentucky Hotel. March 12th, 1810.

WOOL FACTORY.

Daniel Bradford being about to com-mence the Carding and Spinning of Wool, will give Cash for any quantity of that article, deli-vered in Lexington-

He wishes to employ a man who understands the above business, to whom the highest wages

will be given. Lexington, March 13, 1810.

All those indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or book account, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle the same before the 25th of next April. All those who do not avail themselves of this notice need ex-pect no further indulgence: the subscriber hav-ing quit business wants to close all his accounts. GEORGE ANDERSON

FOR SALE,

LIKERY Negro Woman, who understands house business.—Enquire of the printer. 12th April, 1810.

WILLIAM T. BARRY

NFORMS his clients that his office is removed to a brick house at the intersection of Mulberry and Short streets.

Lexington 6th April, 1810.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
MADISON COUNTY, Set. MARCH TERM, 1810.
George Cleveland, complainant,

William Peak & Francis Helly, defendants-IN CHANCERY.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant William Peak is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, therefore on the motion of said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said absent defendant do appear here on or before the third day of the next August term of this court and answer the complainant bill contains the complainant of this court and answer the complainant bill contains the complainant bill contains the contai planant's bill, or on failure thereof, the same shall be taken as confessed against him, and it is ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper printed in this com-monwealth, eight weeks, agreeable to an act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

CHRISTO IRVINE, D. C. M. C. C.

THE HIGH BRED IMPORTED HORSE

MAGIC,

WILL stand this season in Lexington, tinder the management of Mr. George Sourbray, Jr. at FIFTEEN DOLLARS in cash or ing the article help, which will be received a to the horse, which will be free of all charges, my time prior to the 10th of March, 1811.
Ten Dollars the single leap or Thiary to insure; the money will be required if the mare insure; the money will be required if the mare. is disposed of. The proprietors of the above or escapes.

DRAGON is a dark chesnut, handsomely prices here disposed to stand him at the reduced prices herein specified in consequence of the scarcity of money. He stood the last season in Virginia at thirty dollars to be discharged with twenty dollars, if paid by the twenty fifth of land, and is a brother, in blood, to the famous land, and is a brother, in blood, to the famous highly consequence of the scarcity of marked with a star and snip, and without exaggeration is fully sixteen hands high; he is descended from the best running stock in England, and is a brother, in blood, to the famous highly consequence of the scarcity of money. December. One dollar to the groom in every horse Diomed r whose stock is so highly escase. The marcs of those who live at a distemed in Virginia. It is a fact well known to tance will have the benefit of good and exten-sive pasturage, but no responsibility for acci-sirous the late Col. John Hoomes, of the Bowdents of any description, or escapes

MAGIC is a fine Chesnut Sorrel, fifteen years

old last spring; a horse of elegant form and great powers, full fifteen hands and a half high; and from his Pedigree below it will be seen that he is as high a bred horse as ever has been imported; and his Performances on the turf will shew that as a racer he stands high on the calendar of England.

Dr. Banister. David Meade, Jr. S. H. Woodson.

APRIL 12, 1810.

PEDIGREE.

MAGIC was got by Volunteer, one of the best sons of Eclipse, and Sire of Spread Eagle, Eagle, Stirling, Triumvir, Recruit, Commodore, &c. out of Marcella. Marcella was got by Mambrina; herdam, Media, by Sweet Brier out of Angelica, by Snap—Regulus—Bartlett's Childers—Honeywood's Arabian, dam of the two True Blues.

PERFORMANCES.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant William Peak is not an in- ed forfeit from Mr. Bowes's colt, Sadler 50

Newmarket, Nov. Magic beat Mr. Concan-

Bibury, May 30. A sweepstakes of five guineas each, 16 subscribers, was won by Magic; beating Lord Viller's Gas, and Lord Oxford's Lilly. On the same day, walked over for the handicap sweepstakes of 50 guineas each, five subscribers.

England, from such as have been trained of this little stock, besides that one mentioned to that the beat subscribers of the forses, every one of which were won by the Dragon colt with ease.

At Statesborough, S. C. the first day's purse, two mile heats, was won by a Dragon colt belonging to Mr. Richardson.

The second day's purse, one mile heats, was won by Gen. Hampton's Dragon colt Mile, distancing five others the first heat.

Litchfield, Sep. 10. A sweepstakes of 10 uineas each, two miles, 20 subscribers. Won

North-Carolina, two mile heats, which he won with ease, beating general Benton's Rubicon, Col. Alexander's Don Quixotte, and several others; the next at Broad Rock, three mile heats, which he also won. Five days after this I started him at Newmarket, four mile heats, when he was second to Potomac, beating with great ease Mr. Harrison's Allantic, and Mr. Hoomes's Young Peace-maker. The second heat of this last race was run by Potomac and when he was second to Potomac, beating with great ease Mr. Harrison's Allantic, and Mr. Hoomes's Young Peace-maker. The second heat of this last race was run by Potomac and Roanoke in 7 Minutes 59 Seconds; said to be

WM. R. JOHNSON.

I DO hereby certify that Magic stood the last season at my stable; and I believe him to be a sure foal getter. Given under my hand this 19th day of December, 1309.

THOMAS BRANCH.

THE CELEBRATED IMPORTED AND RE-

AL BRED TURF HORSE, DRAGON.

THIS justly celebrated and unequalled horse of horses, whose claim to superfority is not questioned, is now in my stable (in high health and good condition) where he stood the three last sessons, and will stand the ensuing season, under the direction and management of Mr. Ballenger, lately from Virginia. He will be let to mares at the moderate price of Forty Dollars the season, to be discharged at any time before the first day of September next by the payment of Thirty Dollars: Twenty Dollars the leap, paid before the mare is put to the horse, and if she does not stand, by paying the additional Ten shall have the privilege of the season—Fifty Dollars to insure a mare in foal, paid when she is put to the horse, the money to be returned if such should not prove to be the case, provided the mare remains the property of the same person, with one dollar to the groom, paid at the stable door, whe-Attested notes for 40 dollars the season, pay able the first day of January next, will be expected with the mares. Any gentleman who puts his mare by the season, and she does not prove to have been in foal, shall have the pri-

ling Green, Virginia, was to obtain this horse, and never could effect it until after the death o

formation concur in proving the colts dropped from him to be more promising than any ever seen in America. No imported horse before him has maintained his standing for the same length of time in one stable. A number of his coltsmay be seen at the stand duri

JOHN W. HUNT. Lexington, March 30th, 1810.

DRAGON was unquestionably the best run ner of his day—he won and received forfeit two and twenty times before he ended his fifth year, and in most cases for the highest prizes in Eng land; among this number was the Whip, (which is known to be the highst object of competition ever established by the English Jockey Club, and 200 guineas each, against two others, gi ving them both up a year's weight in riding, four miles; and the famous match again Clifden four miles, carrying fifteen stones (225 lbs.) upon each, in which he was rode by the Newmarket, May 16. Magic receiv- Duke of Bedford, and Clifden by Sir John

Although Dragon was permitted to go to a Lewes, August 1. A sweepstakes of 10 few mares after he was withdrawn from the turf, yet the Duke of Bedford, who owned him, never relinquished him as a parade horse; and the number of his get which were dropped before the end of the year 1799, only amounts to thirty three—one of these died young, one was sent to America, and several were never thinged allowed to the second of the seco non's Nightshade, for 50 guineas; and on the was sent to America, and several were never same day beat Sir J. Honeywood's Louisa, for trained; eleven winners appear however, in England, from such as have been trained of

Brighthelmstone, Aug. 2. The Petworth ding the Oatland stakes of 50 guineas each, 26 stakes of 10 guineas each, 17 subscribers, four miles. Won by Magic, beating Wrangler, Johnny, Bennington, Montezuma, Play or Pay, colt Miscreant, by Dragon, won 5 times one and Lop.

Lewes, Aug. 9. A sweepstakes of 10 guineas each, four miles. Won by Magic; beating Whip, Mr. Henwood's Partner, and Lord Clermont's Jonquille.

Canterbury, Aug. 22. His Majesty's plate of 100 guineas, four miles. He walked over On the following day, won the city plate of 50l. beating Lord Londe's bay colt by Magpie.

Litchfield, Sep. 10. A sweepstakes of 10 guineas each, two miles. Wonders in a year.

We descript the Lord's Jenny Spinner, by Dragon, won 7 times one year; Sir F. Pool's times one year; Sir F. Pool's transport of times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; orMr. Howth's Tantula, Mr. Brigge's Phenix, Mr. Lord's Jenny Spinner, by Dragon, won 7 times one year; Sir F. Pool's times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Drag

Litchfield, Sep. 10. A sweepstakes of 10 guineas each, two miles, 20 subscribers. Won by Magic, beating Conon. Robin Red Breast, Alfred, Black George, L'Abbe, and Sir Robert. On the same day, for his Majesty's 100 guineas, three mile heats, he was third; being beaten by Mr. Heathcote's bay horse Warter, by King Fergus, and Lord Donegall's b.c. by King Fergus, and Lord Donegall's b.c. by Pot-8-oes, and was drawn the second heat.

Leicester, Sept. 18. He won 50h beating Mr. Watson's Opposition, and Mr. Cooper's Misfortune.

Misfortune.

From a reference to the calendar, it will be seen that Magic has a colt on the turf in England, called Mountaineer, and that he ran eight is colts that won in 1803, (the first season he land, called Mountaineer, and that he ran eighteen races the last season, and proved successful in twelve of them. I know of but one of his colts that have been trained in this country, which is my grey horse Roanoke, four years old last spring. This horse got injured in his leg last fall in consequence of which he didnot start for a race that season. Last spring I ran him three races; one at Williamsborough, North-Carolina, two mile heats, which he won Ball's Florizel, three years old, winning two

Diomed was got by Florizel, (one of the best sons of King Herod) his dam by Spectator, (sister to Juno, the dam of Dragon and Young Eclipse) his g. dam (sister to Horatius) the best second heat ever run over Newmarket.
The day after this race I refused fifteen hundred dollars for him. I further certify, that I have the last Caleadar, and that Mountaineer, and full sister to the grand dam of Cygnet and Blossom) by Childers, out of Miss Belvoir, by Given under my hand this 1st February, 1809.
WM. R. JOHNSON.

WM. R. JOHNSON.

MILES SELDEN.

MILES SELDEN.
Tree Hill, January 5th, 1805.
I certify that the facts contained in the above

advertisement, respecting the pedigree and per formances of Dragon, as well as those of his get, have been carefully extracted from the general stud books and racing calenders of England and that they are strictly correct as therein stated and published—that Dragon has proved himself in my possession an uncommonly sure foal getter—and that his get, to the extent of my experience and information, are extremely promising.

Columbia, 25th October, 1806.

Having been applied to by John W. Hunt, for information relative to the character of his horse Dragon, in the state of South Carolina, which state I have just returned from, do not begintly to the state of South Carolina, hesitate to say, that it appeared to be the general opinion he was one of the best foal getters ever had been in the state; and I saw a number of his coits which were very promising
—I was at the house of judge Simpkins,
where Dragon had stood, and made a point to
enquire of him particularly, relative to Dragon's stock, and he spoke in the highest terms
of them, and said if Dragon was sent back again, he would make a great season. Given
under my hand this 26th day of March, 1808.
Robt. Dudley. number of his colts which were very promising

I was at the races in Charleston South Carolina, last month; on the third day, a Dragon colt run the two mile heats for the Jocky Club purse, where two others started-the race was a well contested one between the Dragon colt prove to have been in toal, snall have the privilege of putting her next season gratis, provided in Scott Lowry's sale ded she remains his property.

No expence has been spared to provide the way, and at the outcoming ton by the 25th day of December next, excepting the article helps, which will be received. in three minutes fifty seven seconds—that is the only Dragon colt I saw whilst in the state, and I think him a very fine colt and of fine size

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Lexington, March 26th, 1808.

WASHINGTON COURSE. Yesterday [Feb. 10, 1808] a set bet of \$ 1000 was run for over this course two mile heats and was won by Col. Hampton's bay colt-a catch

Col. Hampton's b.c. by Dragon, 1 1 J. P. Richardson esq's b. c. by do. 2 2 These colts are both of the same size, and of the same age—the race was one of the best contested that has been run over this course for many years past; the horses were scarcely separated during the heats, and the winner ob-tained the heats by hardly a length. They both

bid fair to afford good sport hereafter. FAIRFIELD RACES-May, 1808. For the Fairfield Jocky Club cup of 20 Guineas.
J. Hoome's b. h. Lance, by Dragon, four

R. Wormley's m. Nettletop, by Spread Ea-Miles Selden's ch. h. Treasurer, by Diomed, Wm. Ball's br. m. by Wildmedley, 6 years

Time - 1st heat 3 m. 53s. 2d heat 3 m. 57s. WASHINGTON COURSE-1809. Col. Hampton's br. h. Milo, by Dragon, 4 Mr. Hutchinson's b. c. Monticello, by Bedford, 4 years old, - 2 2 Mr. R. Singleton's sorrel filly, by Bedford, 3

Mr. J.P. Pringle's ch. c. Grescent, by Star, Mr. J. B. Richardson's s. m. Charlotte, by

Gallatin, 3 years old, - bolted.

The first heat was run in 3 m 25s—the second heat in 3 m. 58s.

A match race was run of two miles, last fall

near Richmond, Virginia, between Col. Miles, Selden's colt by Dragon, and Wade Moseby's celebrated running horse Rat, and bets were made on each quarter of the two miles, by the proprietors of the horses, every one of which

A Dragon filey, raised by Mr. Singleton, of South Carolina, won the purse at Jamesville, South Carolina, two mile heats. The same filly won the second day's purse at Murray's ferry, two mile heats.



P DARE-DEVIL

The famous Kentucky Running Horse, And approved Foal-Getter,

NoW in high health and spirits, will stand in Lexington, the ensuing season, near Mr. Rich. Ellen's livery stable, (lately kept by Mr. J. Downing) on the street immediately back of it—And will be let at the court prices. As this Horse has made three stands with a price with organizations in the years. in this place with great success, in the years 1805 - 6 & 7, as well as in other places, it is thought unnecessary to say more at present; especially as further particulars will be made known in hand-bills, and at the stable.

Lexington, Feb. 10, 1810.

N. B. A good Pasture, well fenced, with never failing water, is provided, and good attention will be given; but no accountabley for

At a meeting of the Truftees of the Town of Lexington on Friday 6th April

RESOLVED, That the agreement made between the Trustees of the Town and Charles Humphreys for the rent of Potters field, be concelled . and that the fame be appropriated as a burying ground for the future; and that a copy of this resolution be inferted three times in the Kentucky

ANDW. McCALLA. C. B. T. L. A true Copy from the records of the Town.

P. J. RAILY, Clk,

COME all you lovers of good stones, Aloft your buildings raise, Come unto me to purchase them,

And I will you all praise. Good stone I always have on hand, Suppli'd you all can be, However great be your demand;

Come friends, come unto me-I have dug wells, you all do know,

I can good water find, In spite of patent laws I'll show . For nought 1 will be kind.

In all the branches of my trade, So punctual I will be It never shall by one be said "Old Shaw, has cheated me."

JOHN R. SHAW, Ble nonist, Well-Digar; And Stone Quarrier LEXINGTON, April 9, 1810,

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, I some time since conveyed my estate to John Onan, David Rice and Elizabeth Lincola in trust, for certain purposes—and believing that said trustees had abused their trust, I have obtained an interlocutory order from the Fayette Circuit Court. by which the said estate has been redelivered to me by the Sheriff. I therefore, hereby forewarn all persons from making any contracts with either or all of said trustees touching my estate, as I will not be bound thereby.

THO : LINCOLN.

April 4, 1810. I HEREBY forewarn any person from trading for, or taking an assignment on a note given at the widow Scott Lowry's sale

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD. STRAYED from the subscriber on the 16th of January last, a Black Horse, fourteen hands three inches high, about five years old, star in his forchead, racks and canters well, short switch tail. The above reward will be subscribed by the black and of the second will be a start of the beauty and of the second will be a second with given for the delivery of the horse, and all rea-

sonable expences allowed.
WILLIAM TOMLIN. Georgetown April 13th, 1810.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, Harrison County Set. February Term, 1810. JAMES DOWNARD, complainant, T

JAMES MONTGOMERY, & JEH. T appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant James Montgomery is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this court; therefore on the motion of said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said absent defendant do appear here on or before the third day of the next June term of this court and an-swer the complainant's bill, or on failure theref, the same shall be taken as confessed against

this commonwealth, eight weeks, agreeable to an act of assembly in such cases made and pro-A copy-atteste
ANDw. MOORE, D. C. H. C. C.

him; and it is ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised paper printed in

Fayette County, Set Taken up by Elizabeth Welch, living near Stroud's road, 9 4 miles east of Lexington, a very Dark Bay Horse, seven years old next spring, neither docked nor branded, about four feet eight inches high, light made with a few white hairs on his right hind foot,

appraised to twelve dollars. James True, Jr. February 1st, 1810.

Fayette County, Sct. Taken up by Isaac M'Clain, 4 miles from Lexington, a Sorrel Mare 14 hands high, both hind feet white, blaze face, near eye out, long tail, 14 years old, appraised ao S 15

this 16th January, 1810.
W. DUDLEY, c. F. C.

From the Norfolk Ledger of April 2.

By the ship Portia, Captain Tabb, w have received London papers to the 24th of January, from which we have extracted the Speech of the British King to Parlia-

An address was moved in both Houses as usual, which was only an echo of the speech from the Throne; to this the following amendment* was moved in the House of

"That we have seen with the utmost sorrow and indignation the accumulated failures and disasters of the last campaign, the unavailing waste of our national resources, and the loss of so many thousand of our brave troops, whose distinguished and heroic valor has been unprofitably sacrifi ced in enterprizes, productive not of ad vantage but everlasting injury to their country-enterprizes marked only by a repetition of former errors, tardy and uncombined, incapable in their success of aiding our ally in the critical moment of his fate, but exposing in their failure his majesty's councils to the scorn and derision of the enemy.

That we therefore feel ourselves bound to institute, without delay, such rigorous and effectual enquiries and proceedings as duty impels us to adopt, in a case where our country has been subjected to unexampled calamity and disgrace."

A similar amendment was made in the House of Commons with the addition of

the following words: "That we therefore feel ourselves bound with a view to the only atonement that can now be made to an injured people, to insti-tute without delay," &c. In the House of Lords the votes were

For the amendment, Against the amendment, 144
Majority for Ministers, 52
In the House of Commons the votes

For the amendment, Against the amendment, Majority for Ministers,

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF PEERS. Tuesday, Jan. 23.

This clay at three o'clock, the Lords commissioners for delivering his majesty's speech took their seats in the House of Lords, and the Commons being summoned and appearing at the bar, the king's mos gracious speech was read to the Lords and

The commissioners were, the archbish op of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor Lord Camden, Lord Alesford and Lord

The Marquis of Lansdowne and Lord Doun took their oaths and seats. THE SPEECH.

The following was the speech as delivered by the Lord Chancellor :-My Lords and Gentlemen,

"His majesty commands us to express to you his deep regret that the exertions of the Emperor of Austria against the am bition and violence of France have proved unavailing, and that his imperial majesty has been compelled to abandon the contest and to conclude a disadvantageous peace Although the war was undertaken by that monarch without encouragement on the part of his majesty, every effort was made for the assistance of Austria which his majesty deemed consistent with the due support of his allies, and with the welfare and interest of his own dominious.

'An attack upon the naval armaments and establishments in the Scheldt, afford ed at once the prospect of destroying a growing force, which was daily becoming more formidable to the security of this country, and of diverting the exertions of France from the important objects of rein forcing her armies on the Danube, and of controlling the spirit of resistance in the North of Germany .- These considerations determined his majesty to employ his forin an expedition to the Scheldt

Although the principal ends of this expedition have not been attained, his majesty confidently hopes that advantages, materially affecting the security of his majes ty's dominions in the further prosecution of the war, will be found to result from the demolition of the docks and arsenals at Flushing. This important object his majesty was enabled to accomplish, in con-sequence of the reduction of the island of Walsheren by the valor of his fleets and

'His majesty has given directions that such documents and papers should be laid before you as he trusts will afford satisfactory information upon the subject of his ex-

'We have it in command to state to you that his majesty had uniformly notified to Sweden his majesty's decided wish, that in determining upon the question of peace or war with France, and other continen tal powers, she should be guided by consi derations resulting from her own situation and interests. While his majesty, therefore laments that Sweden should have found it necessary to purchase peace by considerable sacrifices, his majesty cannot complain that she has concluded it without his thority he has suffered to exist in his emmajesty's participation. It is his majes- pire. ty's earnest wish that no event may occur to occasion the interruption of those relations of amity which it is the desire of his majesty and the interest of both countries tween the Provincial Parliament, of Lower 'We have it further in command to com-

municate to you, that the efforts of his majesty for the protection of Portugal have been powerfully aided by the confidence tice shall be allowed a seat or vote in that which the Prince Regent has reposed in body. This drew forth the vengenance of the local government, and people of that country. The expulsion of the French grenadiers, prorogued both Houses, and infrom Portugal, by his majesty's forces untormed them of his "determination of again der lientenant general Viscount Wellington, and the glorious victory obtained by immediate dissolution.' him at Talavera, contributed to check the progress of the French arms in the Peninduring the late campaign.

the authority of king Ferdinand the Seventh, has determined to assemble the general and extraordinary Cort. ' His majesty directs us to state that the

the legitimate monarchy, and to the ultimate deliverance of their country.

'The most important considerations of policy and of good faith require, that as this great cause can be maintained with proper success, it would be supported according to the nature and circumstances of the contest, by the strennous and continued assistance of the power and resources of his majesty's dominions; and his majesty relies on the aid of his Parliament in his anxious endeavors to frustrate the attempts of France against the independence of Spain and Portugal, and against the happiness and freedom of those loyal and resolute nations.

'His majesty commands us to acquaint you, that the intercourse between his majesty's minister in America and the government of the U.S. has been suddenly and unexpectedly interrupted. His majesty sincerely regrets this event, he has, however, received the strongest assurances from the American minister resident at this court, that the U.S. are desirous of maintaining friendly relations between the two countries. The desire will be met by a corresponding disposition on the part of his

"Gentlemen of the house of commons,

His majesty has directed us to inform you that he has ordered the Estimates for the current year to be laid before you: his majesty has directed them to be formed with all the attention to economy which the support of his allies and the security of his dominions will permit. And his majesty relies upon your zeal and loyalty to afford him such supplies as may be necessary for those essential objects.

'He commands us to express how deeply he regrets the pressure upon his subjects which the protracted continuance of the war renders inevitable.

" My Lords and Gentlemen,

'We are commanded by his majesty to express his hope that you will resume the consideration of the state of the inferior Clergy, and adopt such further measures upon this interesting subject as may appear to you to be proper.

We have it further in command to

state to you that the accounts which will be laid before you, of the trade and revenue of the country, will be found highly

Whatever temporary and partial in convenience may have resulted from the measures which were directed by France against those great resources of our prosperity and strength, those measures have wholly failed of producing any permanent or general effect.

The inveterate hostility of our enemy continues to be directed against this country with unabated violence. To guard the security of his majesty's dominions, and to defeat the designs which are meditated a gainst us and our allies, will require the utmost efforts of vigilance, fortitude, and perseverance.

'In every difficulty and danger his majesty confidently trusts that he shall derive the most effectual support, under the con-tinued blessings of Divine Providence, from the wisdom of his Parliament, the valor of his forces, and the spirit and determina-tion of his people."

London. Jan. 25 .- With all our wishes to insert the important debate in both Houses on Tuesday we were compelled from the great length of the speeches, to omit many topics of the highest interest. The issue of the discussions, though not at once fatal to the gross incapacity and arrogant pretensions of ministers, must afford considerable satisfaction to all who deem inquiry into the late profligate waste of British blood and treasure absolutely inlispensible to the honor, the character and the best interests of the country. The minority was indeed conspicuous for ability. property, and independence of spirit; and it may be considered an event altogether mexpected, that the very first day of the session, on an amendment to the address to his Majesty, ninety-two Peers, and one hundred and sixty-seven Commoners, should be found in firm opposition against the power and influence of the crown. An amendment so strong was never proposed to a speech or message from the throne and we believe that the annals of Parliament cannot shew so large a vote on any such amendment.

We have received in consequence of arrivals yesterday in the river from Holland, Paris papers to the 17th instant. After the statement in his Majesty's speech respecting the demolition of the dock, arsenal and harbor of Flushing, the public will learn with no little surprize from the French official report, that they are capable of being speedily restored; and the property a bandoned by the precipitate retreat of the

of its reparation. The whole of the island of Walcheren has been formally annexed to France. The peace between the latter country and Sweden was signed on the 6th; and the dissolution of Bonaparte's marriage has receive ed the sanction of the highest spiritual au-

"SQUALLY," IN LOWER CANADA. A serious schism appears to exist be Canada, and the Governor in chief. The House of assembly, perhaps with an eye to the spirit of our constitutions, have passed a vote that no judge of the Courts of Jushis majesty, and by the co-operation of the Governor, who immediately repaired referring to the sense of the people, by an

The Governor does not appear to be meally-mouthed about the business; and, while in the act of dissolving them, he,

speech on that occasion, he says:
"The House of assembly has taken up-

will give fresh animation and vigor to the the other branches of the Legislature, to their great fatisfaction, that no conferip I ticable First, to examine with impacticouncils and the arms of Spain, and suc- pass a vote, that a Judge of his Majesty's cessfully direct the energies and spirit of Court of King's Bench, cannot sit, nor vote, the Spanish people to the maintainance of in their house.-However I might set aside the personal feelings which would notibe ly numerous for every purpose for which unnatural in me, as to the mode in which they may be required." this transaction has been conducted towards myself; there is another, and infinitely higher consideration arising out of it which I must not overlook.

"It is impossible for to consider what has been done in any other light than as a direct violation of an act of the Imperial Parliament; of that Parliament which conferred on you the Constitution, to which you profess to owe your present prosperinor can I do otherwise than consider the House of Assembly as having unconstitutionally disfranchised a large portion f his Majesty's subjects, and rendered inelligible, by an authority which they do not hossess, another not inconsiderable class of the community."

After which the Speaker declared the Parliament adjourned from the 25th Feb. to the 26th March, inst. Immediately after which the Governor issued warrants for a new election for members of the House of Assembly.

FROM LANG'S NEW YORK GAZETTE.

Boston, April 7.

By the Sally, captain Sutton, which arrived here yesterday from London, we have received London papers to the 16th of February. In the debates in the English Parlia-

ment, we have not found any thing on American affairs. The ministers appear determined neither to go to war nor relax their orders in council. The papers which passed in all the late negociations with the U. States, have been laid before Parliament and published. Mr. Pinkne y and his lady were unufually constant in their attendance on the royal levees and drawing rooms; and a ministerial paper in noticing the embassadors present at the Queen's drawing room, the 8th Feb. thus arranges them—American, Hessian, Per-

nn, Portuguese, Spanish &c-The Hon. Mr. Wellessy had sailed from England, on a mission to Cadiz. He will probably follow the Junta to South Amer-

The reports of a treaty between France and America, and of the relaxation of Bonaparte's decrees, had evaporated. American vessels continued to be captured and ent into the ports of France and her colo-Napoleon had not fet off for Spain nies. The Dutch official Gazette: had announced it having been fettled, that the future bride of the French emperor would be Catharine Paulina, fister to the emperor of Russia, who is in her 31st year; and that a French officer had been fent to St. Petersburgh to escort the Russian princels to Paris.

It was reported the Toulon fleet had out to sea; and that lord Collingwood was in pursuit of it.

We find no mention made in the Lon-don papers of fending a new minister to the United States, or of recalling Mr.

The ex-vice president Burr was said to

Extract of a letter from an American gen-tleman in Paris, dated January 21.

"All will depend on the final result of our affairs with this country; and I think no one can judge the decision of our government on their hearing of the outrages committed on our property at St. Sebastians and Naples, which was as unexpected here as the measure appears unjust ! The only explanation this government has given to our minister is that "it is a political measure."

London, Feb. 16 .- By the Lilly from Cadiz, we have a confirmation of the advance of the French on Cadiz; and that the Spauish fleet had moved down, and were anchored outside our squadron. Castanos is again at the head of the army. February 5-The public will recollect ordered to be confiscated. The following can supply notice of the fact, from genuine authority, was yesterday made known in the ci-

"I have received intelligence from France, on which I rely, that an order has been issued to bring to sale the American ships and cargoes, captured and brought into Naples, and that another order had been issued to seize and confiscate all such as had arrived, or might arrive in those of Spain."

February 13-The government of Quito have invited their brethren of Old Spain to emigrate to America, rather than fub-

mit to France.

The committe of enquiry on the subject of the Walcheren expedition, set constantly for the examination of witnesses; and British forces, will defray all the charges published daily a copy of their minutes. House of Lords, Feb. 15 .- Lord Gren ville moved that an account of the cource of exchange between England and other

> quantity of bullion exported during 1809, be laid on the table. Agreed to. LONDON FEB. 12. Dutch papers to the 8th inst. have been received with a private letter of the 1st, from Paris. According to the latter, the the destined bride of Bonaparte is not the niece of the King of Saxony, but a filter of the emperor of Rushia. The following

parts of Europe and America, and of the

is an extract from this letter :-"It is now afcertained that the fister of the Emperor Alexander is the Princels, who is to become the wife of the Emperor Napoleon .- Caulincourt, a relation to the Ambassador of that name, at St. Pe tersburgh, left Paris a few days ago for that capital, to escort the Russian Princess to this city, where the nuptial ceremonies are to be celebrated. Other important marriages are also expected to take place on the same occasion.

"Under these circumstances it is not thought that Napolean will departe for Spain till the latter end of March or perhaps, the Middle of April, and that he will then have only to congratulate his armieson the cealing from all their labours; neral and extraordinary Cort, of the na-tion. His majesty trusts that this measure on themselves, without the participation of that time arrives. It is announced, to for the troops in that country are expect-

tion will be wanted this year; from which we infer that the government confiders the troops already under arms as fufficient-

Mr. Powell, the gentleman whom Mr. Pinkney fent some time ago to Paris, arrived at Dover on Sunday on his return. Intelligence was received by the vessel that brought him over, that an embargo was ordered to be laid in all the French

Other Prints furnish the following additional articles.

The John Adams frigate passed Dover Feb. 14, from Holland for the U. S. At Dover she undoubtedly received on board despatches from Mr. Pinkney.

A letter from Rotterdam nentions the arrival of a great number of French troops in Dutch places, and states that some A-merican vessels which had been permitted to fell at Amsterdam had suddenly received an order to put to fea.

New measures were about to be adopted in Holland to prevent commercial intercourse with England.

Lord Melville is faid to have joined the opposition. The John Adams arrived fafe at Amsterdam, where she had landed her money,

and was to fail again as foon as possible to According to a report presented to Par-

liament, the British exports during the year 1808 were 25 millions, and in 1809 thirty-nine millions. An order passed the British Privy Coun-

cil, the 3d January, suspending the granting licence to allow the exportation of cotton Wool to the continent of Eu-

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

"He comes, the Herald of a noisy world; " News from all nations lumb'ring at his back."

I.EXINGTON, APRIL 24, 1810.

From Congress we have nothing particularly nteresting. Mr. Macon from the committee of foreign relations, has reported a second bill regalating commercial intercourse, which is nov under consideration. The Senate have concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives, to adjourn on the 23d inst. (yester-

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION. Votes for 289 towns for governor. For Gerry

Gore The Boston Patriot says the remaining towns in the aggregate will give a considerable ma-

Extract of a letter from Col. David Humphreys, to a gentleman in this neighborhood, dated "Humphreysville, Feb. 12, 1810.

DEAR SIR, "On my return from Boston, where my family resides, I have just had the pleasure to receive your favor of the 17th of January.-I hasten to give you all the information in my power, and regret extremely, that you, in common with all the gentlemen who have not already engaged full-blooded Merinos, will not be able to purchase them, this year, at any price what-

"The fact is, the demand has been so astonishingly great, and the price so exceed-ingly high, that all the few persons who have ever procured any full-bloods from my flock, have either sold them, or are determined not to part with them on any condition. For myself, I had long ago caused it to be announced in circular letters from my agent that I had none but high mixed bloods for sale; the rams of the pure breed being reserved to be let on shares (as has always been practised) or to let for the sea-February 5—The public will recollect son, to go to a certain fixed number of that fome days ago accounts were received that American veffels in the ports of Naples, and also in the ports of Spain, were hood of my flock is much greater than I ordered to be confiscated. The following

"Before I received your letter, I had engaged an agent to proceed with a pretty large flock of half, three quarters, seven eighths, and higher bloods to the states of Ohio an Kentucky .- I think, I may now possibly add a few pure blooded Rams, to

let at the rate of ten dollars per Ewe. "The last Rams and Ewes of the pure breed which have been disposed of, were sold from 1000 to 1200 dollars each. The price of the mixed blood is in propertion to their approximation to the pure breed.

FOR THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

LYCURGUS, No. 1.

FELLOW CITIZENS,

To attempt to flem the torrent of popular prejudice and whim; to prefume to examine the justice of opinion indulged by an infatuated multitude; or to attempt to convince them of an error entitled to existence by the omnipotent right of prescription, would in other countries present innumerable difficulties to the undertaker.

But in a country, the vitality of whose laws and privileges depend upon the difcovery and practice of truth and justice, by an uncontrouled animadversion upon subjects of general concern, I am stimulated to hope the voice of reason although uttered upon a subject to whose very existence the people are hostile, will receive that confideration to which the opinion of every American is certainly entitled.

Upon becoming acquainted with the sentiments of the mass of the people in this country, we learn that a general and inflamatory prejudice exists in their minds, towards that part of the community called Lawyers: the lawyers are considered the prime movers of all the corruption exifting in fociety; the instruments of opprefflion to particular individuals, & the members of aprofession whose principles are enveloped in mystery, chicane, and subtlety. The aspect of which is nevertheless well ing credulity of mankind.

ality the principles of this profession, and the practice of its votaries—Second, to examine the principles of the other professions of men, viz. divinity, medicine. merchants, mechanics and farmers; and the general conduct & character of the members of each .- And laftly, by way of general conclusion, lay before you in one view the refult of my enquiries, in order that you may fav whether or not it be just, equitable & right, from the conduct of man-kind in general, that the lash of fourrillity & calumny should be applied to the lawyers

In the early ages of the world, and previous to the existence of society, the human race were confidered as having been favage wanderers. They roamed from one part of the world to another, without any apparent delign except that of procuring sublistence from the spontaneous productions of nature. All things were common with all men; except what by manual labour had been taken into the particular polfession of the occupant was considered his fo long as it remained under his immediate inspection; but if he were absent from it only for the space of a single moment, or were imbecile and unable to protect his property, affert his rights and maintain his privileges, the first athletic or hun-gry passenger feasted upon the products of his industry; destroyed his means of subfillence, and left him destitute, help'el's and dependent upon the charity of There was then no law out force; in confequence of which if a man conftrusted an hut for his habitation, and to fecure him from the inclemency of the weather, his fituation was forever perlest his more potent neighbour should fancy his residence, & by force dif-possess him of his house and deprive him of his comforts.

Mankind in those days were corrupt, ava oricious, weak and needy-In confequence of which it was considered advitable to make some alteration in their mode of liva ing:—it became necessary to form some rule for the government of the whole— by which all should maintain equal rights and equal privileges; by which the strong be restrained from the commission of depredations upon the rights of their neighbours and the weak fecured

in their lawful enjoyments. In order to accomplish this necessary object, a general meeting of the people was held, and a suitable number of legislators chosen, who were clothed with powers (limited only by the paramount laws of nature) to establish a government, and to enact laws whereby man's natural rights should be protected and the rules of his civil conduct pourtrayed-laws confonant to the the nature, disposition, interest and improvments of man, were then established, upon the eternal basis of justice and right. But as mankind were then novitiates in the science of government, their laws, as to numbers, were confiderably limited-fociety however by this masterly reformation soon made considerable progress in refinement, and in a knowledge of the arts and fciences-which gave rife to an augmentation of their laws: numbers rendered them incomprehensible to the mass of the people, hence the necessity of certan persons devoting their time and attention to the stu-dy of those laws; in order to discover the true spirit and design of their institutors, and to point out the way by which justice was intended to be administered unto all men .- And fellow citizens, in the lawvers of the present day, you behold the succesfors of those ancient inquirers after the unchanging principles of eternal justice. LYCURGUS.

FOR THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

A SKETCH OF HORNE TOOKE.

The EPRA PTEROENTA of John Horne Tooke has excited confiderable attention among the philologists of Europe. It is certainly an elegant, learned, claberate, and ingenious performance; the production of a mind untrammelled in the mazes of scholastic subtilities, and distaining the beaten paths of academic frience. indeed a work sui generis, unique, and replete with paradoxes .- The arthor ditcovers an extensive acquaintance, not only with the languages commonly called learned; but with most of the dialects of modern Europe. - In his etymological researches, though not always happy, he never fails to be interesting; and in some instances at least has probably surpassed als other writers on the general theory of language. His discoveries are communicated in a feries of polished dialogues'; a manper of writing well calculated to diversily and render agreeable, a subject in its nature, fo uninviting as verbal criticism.

He begins with representing philosophical or theoretical grammar as one of the most difficult speculations which can employ the mind of man, and confidently avers, that the wisest philosophers and most diligent enquirers of all ages had committed innumerable and inveterate mistakes, and after bewildering themselves in pursuing delusive phantoms, had left the subject in "thick darkness." He farther insists that it is "a necessary step towards wisdom and true knowledge;" and confequently that "wisdom and true knowledge" were never possessed by any man on earth, unless he himself has found them.

With respect to the classes of words, or parts of speech, he observes, that gramma rians had never determined what sort of difference in words, should entitle them to hold a separate rank by themselves:" and consequently some counted more, and some less. If then this criterion for the classification of words was not established, it was at least to be expected that our author would do it himself .- But that he has not done .- " As to the number of the parts of speech that" fays he, " shall be as you please. Either two or twenty or more." But he is inclined to allow that rank only to the nesessary words; and to include all others (which are not necessary to speech, but merely substitutes of the first sort) under the title of abbrevi-ations." " In English" continues he, " and in all languages there are only two calculated to impose upon the unsuspect- sorts of words which are necessary to the I delign in as concile a manner as prac- the verb." These are the common terms,

mon acceptation." Yet he is careful enough to inform us [PART II, PAGE 422.] that "case, gender, and number are no parts of the noun." And of the verb, he says, that it " is (as every word also must be) a noun;" but adds further, that " it is something more;" but what that something is, remains yet unexplained .- But" moud tense, number and person are no parts of

All the other parts of speech, commonly so called, are comprehended en masse under the title of abbreviations, because in the course of his etymological investigations he finds them to be old nouns and verbs abbreviated by corruption. And yet "in the strict sense of the term," he admits " that they are all parts of speech." Thus it seems, Mr. Horne Tooke himfelf is more merciful to the poor conjunctions, prepositions and adverbs than a professed follower of his, who has lately declared his determination of "utterly extirpating them from the language." For though our theorist feels not inclined to allow them a place in the foremost ranks; he yet considers them so useful and convenient that " a person who would attempt to discourse without them, would stumble as often as a horse, long used to be shod, that has lately east his shoes." And of the article, he says, "it is so necessary that without it, or some equivalent invention, men could not communicate their thoughts at all." He says the same of the preposition - Now all the most distinguished philological writers, ancient and modern, from Plato to Horne Tooke, declare that the article exists not in the Latin language. And yet the Romans "communicated their thoughts" so well without it, that in no language however, can we find more finished examples of pure and elegant composition. But what shall we do with the article? he will not allow us to call it an abbreviation ; and yet affirms the arti cle the to be abbreviated from the old Anglo-Saxon verb thegan or thean, to get or take. In bis new nomenclature, it is termed a substitute; but all the abbreviations are by him also called substitutes. The difference according to our author, is that the latter class of substitutes, are " not necessary for the communication of thought; and supply the place of words which are in the language." Whereas the former " are necessary, and supply the place of words which are not in the language." That is to say, the abbreviations are substitutes for something; but the articles are substitutes for nothing!!

As for the adjectives our celebrated the-orift observes, that " they are convenient, but not necessary abbreviations;" and in proof of the fact, instances the language of the Mubbekaneew Indians as being entirely without them. The participles in the English tongue (according to the author) are six in number. "We had formerly" tays he, "but two; but so great is the convenience and importance of this useful abbreviation, that our authors have borrowed from other languages, and incorporated with their own four other participles of equal value." And these, in the new grammatical nomenclature, are

1. The simple verb adjective ending in ing, as writing.

2. The past tense adjective, terminating in d, t, n &cc. as loved, raught, written &cc.
3. The potential mood active adjective, ending in ive, as aperitive, missive, passive &c. or in ic, ascritic, emctic, eatbartic &c 4. The potential mood passive adjective

ending in ble, as, affable, noble, possible &c.

5 The official mood passive adjective, terminating in end, and &c. as legend, reverend, prebend, deodand, memorandum &c.

6 The future tense, active adjective, end-

ing in ure, as future, venture ; adventure ; and probably judicature and legislature. As a specimen of his etymological leg-

erdemain accept the following derivations: Hell, beel, bill, bale, wbole, ball, bull, bole, bold, are all the same past participle of the Anglo-Saxon verb belan, to

cover." [Part II, p. 316.]

Again, "Head, beft, heaven, boof, buff, hovel, bood, bat, but, beaven, oven, are all the past participle of the verb beafan, to heave" [Ibid. p. 73]

Again, Skill, scale, scald, sbell, sboal, stall, skyllder, skill, scale, scald, spell, sboal,

scowl, scull, shoulder, shilling, state &c. are all the past participle of the Anglo-Saxon verb scylan to divide &c. & shave all one common meaning,

The following is an example of grammatical resolution on the genuine principles of Horne Tooke .a substitute, the imper, mood of the

Anglo-Saxon verb thegan or thean, proud an abbreviation, the past tense adjective

of prytian. superbire. angels, the same, of angellein, nunciare. the same, being the imperative of anan-od to add.

wicked the same, being the past tense of wiccian, to enchant. spirits, the same, past tense adjective of spirare

to breathe. the same, being the past tense of the Gothic verb haitan to name a nondescript, probably a verb

the same. said,

an abbreviation, past tense adjective. the same, of the Anglo-Saxon verb du Anglo-Saxon and Gothie noun. [Part

heaven an abbrev. past tense adjective, of heafan

a Gothic substantive [Part II. p. 285.] an abbrev, the past tense adjective of helan to cover.

A short latin sentence also gramatically resolved may not be unacceptable to the inquisi-

tive student. an abbrev. the simple verb adjective, of

a nondescript, probably a verb. mortem an abbrev, the past tense adjective of (the Anglo-Saxon verb) mirran dissi-

hesterno the same of the verb cestrman, to acquire. the same of the verb daegian to shine

upon. a nondescript. vulnere the same.

aculi an abbrev: past tense of the Gothic verb augan to show. The reader will observe, that in the ahove examples there are some words not Besides, when I'm about to 'sess them, yet explained; for until not only our lan- I swear that I will not oppress them,

and, he says, he uses them in the " com- | guage, but those of all other nations, shall | But just go by the law's direction, be traced to their respective sources, and complete dictionaries of them formed upon principles essentially different from ny which have yet appeared; it will be impossible for any man but Horne Tooke himself to divine what shall be the ultimate meaning allowed to thousands of words which are in daily use among mankind. But the complete execution of fuch an undertaking would far exceed the powers of any individual of the human race. The roots of many words in the Latin, Greek, Hebrew &c. are irrecoverably lost. Many radicals also of the modern tongues are gone forever .- But granting that all the different languages spoken by mortal men were investigated, as far as practicable, in the manner of Horne Tooke, and the consequent meaning of every word discovered and ascertained, what advantage would result, equivalent to the trouble and inconvenience of having to burn all our present books, in every language, to unlearn all our former ideas. and begin anew the study of language And when this difficulty is surmounted, what security have we, that another speculatist equally as acute and ingenious as Horne Tooke, may not build another theory, as plaufible and as well supported by etymology, as "the Diversions of Purley," and thus every age in succession may have a new system of its own, and we must be continually employed in learning and unlearning theories of language. all theories of this kind must be fanciful and hypothetical, and a mere hypothesis, however ingenious and amusing to the curious mind, is but a fandy foundation on which to build any fystem of practical

That I do not magnify the inconveniences attendant on the practical applicafully appear in the sequel. In the mean time take the following examples. [Part 2 P. 9] "It appears to me," says our auther "highly improper to say, that God has a right: as it is also, to say that God is just." These expression," he says, " are in-applicable to the Deity."—Why so? Because he finds them past participles of the Latin verbs rego and jubeo, and to signify directed, commanded or ordered; and it is abfurd to say, that God is commanded or ordered to do any thing.—Again, the words beaven and bell are past participles, the former signifying merely beaved or raised and the latter covered. Of course any person or object beaved or raised is beaven; and any object covered is bell. A raised loaf, a raised house or a raised seat is beaven: a covered wagon, a covered book, a covered head, or a feme covert is bell.—But the term lady, is a past par ticiple, and is equivalent to lefty; so that a lady is any thing lofty; and, vice versa, any thing lofty is a lady.

"TRUTH is a verb in the 3d person sing, of the indicative mood, and means any thing or something which one troweth or thinketh." And of this, he observes, that except in words, there is nothing but truth in the world." "There is "therefore" says he," "no such thing as eternal, immutable, everlasting, trutb unless mankind, such as they are at pre-"sent, be also eternal, immutable and e"sent, be also eternal, immutable and e"verlasting." "Two perfons," continues he, "may contradict each other, and
"yet both speak trutb;" "for the trutb
"of one person may be opposite to the
"trutb of another." "To speak trutb may be a vice, as well as a virtue ; for " there are as many occasions where it " ought not to be spoken." So he who affirms that any two sides of a triangle taken together are less than the third side, and he who affirms the contrary, may both speak the truth; i. e. each may speak what he troweth or thinketh .- Thus also the ci-devant Principal of the Woodford Academy, when he asserted that the course of Mathematicks and natural philosophy in the T.U. was incomplete and deficient and the Professor, who in reply affirmed the contrary, might both speak the truth, upon the celebrated principles of Horne

VOLUSINUS. [TO BE CONTINUED]

FOR THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

Mr. SNITH-As this is the juncture when the new conceived plan for taking the returns of taxable property, commences, I deem it ex-pedient to republish the law, as it appeared in your paper of the 13th of Feby. last, with an appendix annexed thereunto, shewing the yeas & ays on the question, as taken from the Journal of the House of Representatives of this Com-AN INVALID.

From the Kentucky Gazette, of Feb. 13th. To all whom this may now concern, On Wednesday week as we do learn, The legislature, (so 'tis stated)
Rose from where they'd congregated,
A long eight weeks and three days session, Groaning beneath this pondrous nation, They sat consulting for her good, For so it must be understood. Four score and five laws made bran new Besides eight resolutions too, That's to the state of vast import-The cash they got don't pay them for't No, that it wont, when we consither, That great big law, as long as a tether, Altering the mode of sessing taxes rom stem to stern as tough as wax is, And now that all the state should know it, I thus in gingling lines will shew it:

1st. By the 'sembly be't enacted,

A list of tax shall be exacted, Although it may create some bellowing) Chroughout the state in manner following :-We, the assembly in our bounty, Invest the court of ev'ry county, With the full power to create In each company in the state, A fitting man (if to befound,) In morals pure—in judgment sound, Fit to perform this arduous work. They now can do it in a jirkor through the state they will make 'sessors, As thick as spoons on kitchen dressers. The following oath each man must take, Before that he can progress make: "Upon my oath, I, A B, ab, Do here affirm, that I will nab Each he or she, that comes to muster, Or else I'll make a desp'rate bluster,

That's without favor or affection The person now who's so appointed, Shall be a little king annointed, He'll hold his court on muster days, When men shall come from different ways, And women too with mighty rumpuss, Flocking from all points of the compass, Dancing attendance on the man. That executes this mighty plan The thing shall now become as serious, As in the days of old Tiberius, When his decree the nations vexed, Which said the world should all be taxed, Forthwith they come from all the regions. Pour'd from the hills in countless legions, Each poor and rich, infirm and sound, Marched up to his own muster ground, Just so we'll see in this our country, Flocking around all kinds of gentry The halt, the blind, the deaf, the dumb, The aged too, to sound of drum—Widows and orphans like musquetoes, Free men of colour, and mulattoes. No shulling now-all ages, sexes, That are subject to pay taxes;
Be them sober—be them Foxy,
Must come themselves, or send their proxy, All who refuse, or seem to quibble, Shall be, and hereby are tax'd tripple.

Be it enacted further yet, Should any person that's not fit, Be thus appointed, and should fail, The consequence, he must to jail, Or else, come offwith flying colours, By paying down his hundred dollars.

Now time would fail, were I to go forth, And sing of all that's done and so forth—Of all the furthers be't enacted, "Twould set my reader's brain distracted. Yet here I would but just make mention, There's one more clause claims our attention, Because its phiz appears so comical Besides it is so economical-

Be it enacted, That so much Of all the laws (should there be such) As does provide a compensation For any 'sessor in this nation, Be they forever, and anon To all intents and purpose done, Let this stand fast, as though 'twas seal'd The others hereby are repealed.

*Militia Company.

APPENDIX. We'll give this Law another shove By an appendix to the 'bove; In other words 'twill be a key To who said yes and who said nay. To learn the votes upon the question, Which rights of men, so hard did press on, Without delay we'll dip cussous In the deep Journals of the house. And draw from thence, who ere it hisses, Both nays and ayes and noes and yesses And if my mem'ry's not the worst

I think the ayes are always first : Yeas. Beaty, Bullock, Boyd and Brown, (Just as they come I'll set them down) With Buck, Caldwell, & as you'd have us, Chambers and Collier, with V. Davis, Next Covington, (my muse must trace on) Ewing and Field, Gibbs and A. GRAYSON, Russelland Sharpe, there, by my life, Sits close beside them, Stophel Riffe Hopkins and Henry, Charles M'Creary, Thompson of Knox, cry'd aye right cheery; M'Millin, Mercer, Mills Esquire, From Fleming, Daniel M'Intire; N. Owsley, Owen, Smith and Dean, With Thomas, J. and P. was seen,
Wood, Wilson, W. Walker, Warnell,
All hold a record on their Journal.
We've now got all, as most would fancy,
But that's not so—there's Joel Yancy.
O Joel dear's as I'm stire.

O Joel dear ! as I'm alive, Without you there's but thirty five;

Of ayes there'll be just thirty six!

Next comes the nays, just in procession,
To change the suit by their digression. First Messrs Barry, Bradford, Cassidy (I'll neither brake syntax or prosody) Next Emmerson, J. Davis, Farrow; Hardin, Hubbard, (genteels good morro And Charley Helm, Johason of Shelby With Kennedy—I may as well be, By my readers though quite impartial And mention next friend Humphrey Marshall, Then Marshall H. with Owsley Willy,
Who cried out nay, (the honest Billy*)
We'll soon be through, no doubt you hope;
Here comes my old friend Will'm Pope— The next name you will take a squinton, Comes streight from Nelson, Philip Quinton Then cast your eyes just down this way, You'll see from Mercer, Jemmy Ray; The next firm no, with open mouth, Was heard aloud, from Sammy South Talbot and Taylor hot, botland hotter, Cry'd nay, nay! with Col Trotter, G Walker last, with Jemmy Yantis, Makes nays in all just three and twe ntys If this, my nonsense, bears inspection, Twill serve to guide us next election.

· Abrother in Scotch. -*:--:*-

GRATEFUL for the encouragement nitherto received, and solicitous for its contin uance, Mrs. Lockwood presents her acknowledgements to her friends, and informs them and the public, that her Academy is open for the reception of young ladies either as boarders or day scholars.

From the liberal patronage she has received, during her residence in Lexington, she has been induced to conclude her method beneficial— She therefore deems it only necessary to assure those who may honor her with their confidence that her most strenuous exertions shall not be wanting to render them every satisfaction. "." Her terms continue as heretofore. Lexington April 16th, 1810. (4teot3w)

THE Members of the BIBLE SOCIETY

ROBERT M. CUNNINGHAM.

EXTREME indisposition prevents the subscriber from attending to his avocations for a few days.

E. B. HANNEGAN.

TO be let to the highest bidder at nine o'clock on Saturday morning next in the Market house Lexington, about fifteen acres of PASTURE GROUND (in two or three lots) belonging to the estate of Patrick M'Cullough dec. bond and security will be required

JOHN BRADFORD, ex'r.
April 23d, 1810-

I FOREWARN all persons from taking an affignment on a note given by me to Caty Hendricks for fifty three and a half dollars, bearing date first day of February 1810, as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law, as she has refused to comply with our contract.

"3t JOHN DUVAL, Jr.

Board of Trustees for the town of Lexington, to examine & report fuch amendments to the by-laws of the town as they might deem necessary, reported the following— which were read and concurred in, viz:

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the Trustees of the town of Lexington, that any perform or persons who shall bring any thing into market, or shall act or speak in such manner as toretard the operations of it. shall forfeit & pay any sum not less than three nor morethan ten dollars.

SEC. 2. Be it further ordained, that all unwholesome provisions offered for sale in the market shall be forfeited, and that the person or persons vending or offering to vend the same, shall forfeit and pay any sum not less than one nor more than ten dollars.

SEC. 3. Be it further ordained, that the market hours from the first of May until the first of October shall be held until g o'clock A. M. and during the remainder of the year until ten o'clock A. M.

SEC. 4. Be it further ordained, that no huckster or other person shall be permit-ted to purchase in the market house during market hours any article whatever which fuch huckster or other person is known usually to fell or expose to fale under a penalty of not less than three por more than ten dollars for each offence.

SEC 5. Be it further ordamed, that it shall be the duty of the clerk of the market to visit the different persons in the town of Lexington, felling by weights and measures, and to prosecute under the act of assembly, all those who are felling by false weights and measures.

SEC. 6. Be it further ordained, that if the watch, in the performance of their duties, either in suppressing riots or breaches of peace, shall be unable to apprehend those who are violating the law, it thall be lawful for them to call upon any of the citizens of the town to affift them; and any person or persons refusing to affish them, when properly fummoned, as aforefaid, shall forfest and pay any sum not less

than three, nor more than ten dollars.

AND'W. M'CALLA, Chm.

A true copy from the records of the town,

Attelt, "P.I. RAILEY, Clk.

** Nathaniel Prentifs is appointed by
the Truftees of the town of Lexington to enforce the by-laws of the town generally

THE CELEBRATED IMPORTED EN-GLISH TURF HORSE.

Tickle Toby,

WILL fland this feafon in Lexington & let to mares at the moderate price of Twenty Dollars the fingle leap, to be paid at the stable door, Forty Dollars the sea-Ion payable 25th December, which may be discharged by the payment of Thirty Dollars by the first day of August next, & Fifty Dollars to ensure a cost. Where a person puts more than one mare, a young gelding will be received in payment at the real value. Passurage Gratis, and the greatest attention paid to mares, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes.

TICKLE TOBY is a fine brown, or

dark bay, near fixteen hands high, justly formed, and possessing great mulcular remarkable fine feet and JOHN P. WAGNON. April 16th 1810.

PEDIGREE & PERFORMANCE. Taken from the General Stud Book of England, and also certified by John Hutchinson Esq. who bred him.

TICKLE TOBY by Alfred, one of the best sons of old Matchem, who covered the last nine years of his life, at 50 guineas the season; his dam Calia—by King Heron fof Proser-bine—a full sister to col. O'Kelly's famous Elipse by Marske-who covered at 200 guineas ach mare the season which may be seen in the Sporting Magazine for 1793 page 212-

At York August meeting, the first time be started, he won a sweepstakes of 200 guineas each (8 subscribers,) beating Mr. Bullock's Toby, Mr. Farrer's Telescope, and Mr. Pierse's Enchanter. He also won the 70 guineas at Lincoln, beating Sir. F. Poole's Monitor, and Mr. Brewster's Put. At York spring meeting, he won the stand plate, beating Mr. Dodsworth's Abba-Thuelle, Col. Ratcliff's Mouserap, and Mr. Garforth's Harold. The day following he won 50l. for all ages, beating Coonel Ratcliff's Pigeon, Lord A. Hamilton's Brother to Restless, and Sir W. Vavasour's Hope. The York August meeting following, Hope. The York August meeting following, he won the great subscription, (though five years old) for six years old and aged horses, beating Lord A. Hamilton's Walnut, Prince of Wales' Traveller, Mr. Wentworth's Gustavus, Mr. Baker's Cavendish, and the Duke af Norfolk's Dubskelper—This was uiversally allowed to be one of the finest races ever run, and the only time Walnut was ever beat. Tickle Toby won the 70 guineas at Lin coln, beating Lord Scarborough's Valient, and Mr. Willis's Liberty. He won the corporaion plate at Doncaster, carrying 4lbs. extra, beating Mr. Garforth's Camilla, and Lord Scarorough's Valient, which were the only times he run that year. The York spring meeting following, he won the stand plate, beating Mr. Garforth's famous mare Rosalind. The Au-

gust meeting he walked over for the king's plate, and won the great subscription for six years old and aged horses, beating Mr. Wentvorth's Tamerlane, Lord A. Hamilton's Walnut drawn- He won 50 guineas at Kelso, beating Mr. Band's Rattler. The York spring are requested to give their attendance at the U-meeting following, he received 50 gutneas for-niversity-Hall on Thursday next at 10 o'clock, feit from Sir W. Maxwell's Scorpion, four miles, at 12 stone each. The August meeting, he again won the great subscription for six years old and aged horses, beating Mr. Wentworth's Huby, Lord A. Hamilton's Restless, Mr. Hutchinson's Overton, and Mr. Baker's Cavendish. He also won the 100 guineas at Dumfries, beating Gustavus, and 50 guineas at Kelso, beating Mr. Barro's Louisa at one heat. The year following he won the corpora-tion plate at Chester, beating Mr. Lord's Mulespinner and Mr. Wray's Grog, and 501. at Newton, beating Mr. Lowther's Mim-mus, allowing him 25lb.—And the 100gs at Newcastle upon Tyne beating Mr. Baird's Lu. cy, Mr. Peirse's Rosamond and Lord Tyrcon-nel's Hermes—He also won the gold cup at Chester, beating Lord Donnegall's Joe An-drews, Mr. Taylor's Helmet, Mr. Tatton's Betsey, and Mr-Rathbode's Tommy-and also received the premiums at several places, no horses entering against him-

In 1807, SIR SOLOMON, fon of Tickle

The committee appointed by the of 100 dolls, each two mile heats. At 3 and of Trustees for the town of Lexing. years old he won at one heat the first Jockey Club Purse of 400 dolls. four mile heats, over the New Course, Norfolk. He after-wards won the Great Match against Mr. Winn's famous Horse GALLATIN by Diomed, 4 mile heats beating him between a and 300 yards and was never put up. He was matched against Mr. Ball's celebrated Horse Florizel by Diomed, to run the first Tuesday in May, 1809, agreeable to the Newmarket Rules, over the Old Course, Norfolk, 4 mile heats, for 10, coo dollars, which was declined by the friends of Florizel. SIR SOLOMON then challenged Mr. Burw. WILKS's Horfe Potomac by Diomed, or any other in America, for 5000 dollars, or any other amount, agreeable to the Newmarket rules, which may be feen by reference to the Norfolk, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington and Baltimore papers.

SIR SOLOMON has fince beat the fa-mous horse Wrangler by Diomed a match of four miles for 5,000 Dollars. CALEB BOUSH.

WHEREAS, I have seen a publication in the Western Caizen dated February 3d, 1810, signed Rusticus. Where this youth borrowed this name, is best known to himself—or when he came to enlist under the banners of our he came to entist under the banners of our Fleming county knight errant, I know not. Mr. M. appears to set out in his publication with great importance indeed, in styling me first an Ignoramus, and then with the appelation of a So'omon—and as he takes notice of the sagae aty of Solomon, Mr. M. displays a great deal of sagacity here also, in uniting an ignoramus and the wisdom of a Solomon in one person. Mr. Rustieus, whoever you are, let your down grow. Rusticus, whoever you are, let your down grow first, and then your feathers, then you may probably be worth plucking. To not assume the rank of a lawyer before you are matured for a pottifogger. Amazing ingrate! inglorious and unwise being! Who made you surreme to hold vengeance in one hand, and despised merey in the other ! As I am an old man, you will pardon and shew me mercy! Proud and arro-ga t youth! when did I prostra e myself at your throne, or bow at your sceptre for mercy! No, vain being that is an homage I owe to none but the Deity, much less to the dregs of the human species. As you are so profuse of the goodness and mercy to me, I must in gratitude and respect make return unto you. Mr. M. as you have enlisted under the banner of the Fleming knight errant, and as you are but a re-cruit—or in other words, a young soldier, I will excuse you, as you may get better cduca-tion in Paris than it ling on your Ros nan e to Flemingsburg—and instead of Rusticus you may assume the title of Sancepanzo; and take my advice not to trouble yourself further about the affairs of our county, especially about elec-tions. And as you said Solomon should not be slighted, neither shall Mr. M. MICHAEL GASSIDY.

Fleming county, March 28, 1810.

E XCHANGE. A two story Brick House and Lot of ground on Main street, for LAND, within one or two miles of this town. Enquire of the printer.

Lexington, April 17th, 1810.

Taken up in Fayette county, by James Lafon, a Bay Mare, four years old next spring, 141 hands high, appraised to 25 dollars this 23d of January, 1810.

AMBROSE YOUNG

DOWNING S LIVERY STABLE.

THE subscriber informs bis friends that he has lately opened a Livery Stable on short street, near the jail. He is supplied with every thing necessary, & will in a short time render his stable more commodious and be prepared for the reception of any number of horses. As heretofore he is provided with good afters. His own attention and exertions shall not be wanting to give the most complete satisfaction to his former customers and such of his friends as may wish their horses under his care.

J. L. DOWNING. April 23d, 1810. Several first rate geldings for sale, and horses and gigs for hire. J. L. D.

MRS. BECK'S ACADEMY. Mn. BECK with the greatest respect informs his friends and the public, that he will devote all his time and attention to Mrs. Beck's school while she continues under so severe an infliction, and also in assisting her when restored to health; assuring them that his utmost ability shall be exerted to merit their patronage.

Mrs. Beck had solicited Mrs. Mentelle, three months ago to teach French, History and Progressive Geography, and who is now ready to attend when a sufficient number of Pupils will authorise it. Mrs. Mentelle continues her Dancing school as usual.

Lexington March 8th, 1810.

NOTICE.

Col. Robert Johnston some years since without any authority from me, sold to Lewis Craig my proportion which is one fourth of an entry of 10,000 acres now in Jessamine, made in the name of Benjamin Johnson of Orange. He has in the course of last week, made a second con-tract with the said Lewis Craig, confirming the first as my trustee, pending the settlement of our accounts before the master commissioner of the Fayette circuit court on a reference in a suit in chancery brought by me against the said Jeliuston, to set aside the deed of trust, and af-ter an interlocutory decree pronounced by the court in my favor. I have objected to the said sale when exhibited on the said settlement and shall take the proper steps to avoid it. In the mean time I hereby caution all persons from purchasing under the said Lewis Cra JOHN CRAIG.

Lexington, March 19th, 1810. N. B. Old Lewis Craig, the Buptist Preach. er, of Mason county, is the man alluded to in the above advertisement.

JOHN CRAIG.

Montgomery County, Sct. Taken up by George Black, one mile from Mountsterling, a Dark Bay Filley, about two years old last spring, has a small star in her face, both hind feet white, not branded, appraised to \$14.

Joseph Simpson. 12th December, 1809.

Doctor James Overton WILL practice PHYSIC in Lexington and ts neighbourhood; he keeps his shop on Main Areet, nearly opposite the court house; where he has for fale an extensive stock of

GENUINE MEDICINES; together with a complete affortment of SUR-GEON'S INSTRUMENTS; made after the Toby, 2 years old, walked over the Nor-folk Old Course for the Colt Sweepstake latest and most approved models.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post. Office at Lexington K. which if not taken out in three months, will be fent to the General Post-Office as dead Letters.

Allen Charles Alexander William Arthur John Art Robert.

Barr Thos. T. & R. Baxton Thomas Blaydes Walker J. 2 Beach Joseph Brown Shefton Doct. Breckenridge Mary Bally James H. 2 Baker Ilaac

Beauford col. Abm. Bosworth Benijah 2 Bullock Waller Efq. Boon Eleanor Bell Hannah Bishop Rev. Robt. H. Blythe Rev. James Bradley Robert Bradley Denis Brackenridge William Efq. Boflick John Brown Thomas Broaddus Edwin Bunds Rachael 2 Beak Harmon Baley David or Baley John Bibb George M. Bryant Jno. Bullock Edmondefq. Blackwell James Baldwin Tyler Blift Anthony Bainbridge Absalom Browning Joseph Brumburger Michael Brownlee George

Champney doct. T. Cox Mr. Crothers Samuel Cahoon John Caldwell capt. Geo. Caldwell Ann Clark William Cockrill Joseph Churchill Mary Chapman John Caldwell Samuel Campbell William Caldwell Charles Cullin Edmund Cullin James Cifney James Cavender Elizabeth Cooke Rev. Valentine Cunningham Thomas Cardwell or Caldwell

D. Davis Stephen Dunlap William Dupey Suckey Davis doc. Thos. C. Davenport Boswell Davis Lydia Dienstmann Ann Ma-Diacke Enoch Doyel John Deterly Jacob Doughardy Samuel

Downing Mr. Embersch Reuben Ellis H. C. Elgin Hezekiah Empston John Eastes Littleton

Fifter William Fisher Samuel Fitzgerral

Garrard James
Gray George
Graves Joliah or John Graves his brother
Gentry PleaCapt Gentry Pleafant

Herndon John Howard William Hofkins James Hydle George Herndon Susannal B. Hughes James Haines Simon Hart capt. John Hawkins Walker Hamilton Archibald Haves Capt. Saml. Henry John Holderman Abraham Hicks John Howe James Harrison Micajah Hamilton Abenezer Hammond Larkin Hall Moses S. Henderson Maria Henry William Hicky Simon Holmes John Hansborough Joseph Hawkinscol. Wyatt

Johnson James Esq. Jamesswens C. P. Jackson Lydia Johnston Philip B.

King John Koons Nicholas Kemper Tilman 2

Lewis David Linner Downing Lewis Stephen Lay George Lucas Zachariah Lemens Mr. Lifle John Little James Majr. Leonard John

Meade James Miller George Martin James Milton Elijah M'Chord James 2 Maxwell Mr. Mathews Jacob Mekinzey Thomas Marshall Mary K Miller Abraham M'Quiddy Joseph Maens William Moore Peter Moore William Monroe hon, John M'Callie Andrew M. Dowell maj. John

Nettle Thomas Nicholfon John Owens John Onion William

Patterfon Samuel Patrick Charles Prather Aaron Pierce William Peacok Mary Parker John Pollard Elijah Preston Walter Price Miss Jane Pecker John

Riley Ninian 2 Roufe William Richardson Elizabeth C. Redmon Adare, or Redmon Mary Ritter Jacob Robards George Rector Elias Efq 4 Rice David Richardson Nancy Robertson Mrs. Rofell Nelson

Sagefar Jacob Scott Thomas Steel Reuben 2 Stephens Luther Studman Thomas Slarmonback Mr. Sayres Stephen Scott Hannah Skinner Cornelius Swoap Benjamin Sneed John S. Shely capt. David Schooler Joseph Smart Joseph Steel Brice Sutton William Stipp Rachael Smith Archimidas Seitner Conrad Sumrall Meffrs. Saffoon James Hart & Co.

Thomas Moles Jr. Turner Theodolia Tull Samuel Tyler William 2 Turnham Thomas Thornton doct. Chs. Trimble James Taylor Philip True James

Underwood Reuben

Winn Mime Weigart Philip A. Wilfon John Walls Thaddeous Wright John Wilson John H. Worley Joshua Watkins John Wilmott Polly L. Winters Elista Winians Nicholas Williams William Willon Samuel Walker dock. Ezia Weight George Witmyer John Wilson Jonathan Wilmott Robe Wyatt Maj. John Wilson James Woorland Barnabas Wilmott Robert H.

Yaegar Nicholas Yates John Young col. Richd. Young Ambrose JOHN JORDAN, JR. P. M. A LIST OF LETTERS

R EMATNING in the Post-Office at Nicholasville if not taken out in three months will be sent to the General Post office as dead let-

March 31st, 1810. James Stonestreet John Chiles Joel Becker Archer Dickerson David Wilson Zachariah Barr Valentine Cook Joseph Arvill Francis Underwood 2 William Ames James Craybrooks David Sutton William Nusam James Curd 2 James Chambers 2 Mrs. Grozell Scott Doct. A. Montgomery Nat. Drake Elias Griffin John Lunes George Tanner Edward Stephens Robert Crocket Shadrick Hall Wm. Walker Trustees of Bethell ? George M'Donall Esq. Seminary James Fletcher Wiley I. Berner Mrs. Frances Smith 2 Thomas Penniston MissSusannah M. Price Archer Rutherford Nancy Morris Daniel Isbell Hugh Holmes B. NETHERLAND, P. M.

A LIST OF LETTERS

EMAINING in the Post-Office Winchester

Ky. if not taken out before the expiration months, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters. April 6th, 1810.

A ms James

Brigs Agothe

Boggs James Byrne Thomas

Barrow Nathan

Berkley Samuel

Daniels Margaret

Dollary Owen

Fielding Thomas Green John

Harden Patsey

Jones William

Lewis Stephen

Mosely Persen

Swengly John

Tuttle John

Bowlward Thomas

Abel Eliza

Arnold Rice W. Allen James Berry Thomas 2 Bean William Blackwell Elizabeth Brandenberg David Browhard lames Baker George Cox James Duncan John Deane Edward Etriel Benjamin Fourman John Gerrard James Gohagen Anthony 2 Gholson Thomas

Gallop Enoch Gibson James Gass John Henry Abner Howard Louday Harry Charles Hardman William Jackson Francis F. Joiner Rebecca Irwin Joseph Kentley Williams Kelso Hugh Kew John Loug James Lounis Henry Morrough Thomas 2 Martin John Majr. Mullins Jesse Norris William O'Rear Jeremiah 2 Patten George Pearson Rebecea

Power Thomas Price John Pearson Sarah S Rawlings John Right John Richardson Elizabeth Smith William Sherwood Moses 2 Taylor Jonathan Tompkins John Vanbus George Kirk Wilson John Young James

E. CALLOWAY, P. M.

MRS. LUCAS HAS REMOVED HER MILINERY STORE To the house lately occupied by Mr. Tho-mas I. Garrett, two doors below the Re-

orter printing office, and has just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of the most FASHIONABLE MILINERY. Lexington, April 7, 1810.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Francis W. Lea gave his obligation to R. Pitman, bearing date the 17th Feb 96 to convey by deed in fee simple, 25 acres of Land in Woodford county, adjoining the lands of Warren, Langham and Gilman, on the waters of Clear creek; and doth now refuse to comply therewith. This is to forewarn all persons from purchasing said land of said Lea, as I hold said bond or obligation by assignment, and purpose compelling said Lea to make the

March 27, 1810.

Thos. Duvall.

FOUND

LOST

ON Saturday evening near where the above was found, a MAN'S SADDLE nearly new, silver head and cantle, the initials I. H. on the head, silver plated stirrup irons, and silver slips to the stirrup leathers, and also a common S bent bitt curb BRIDLE .- A generous reward

will be given for them or either by

FAMES HENDERSON, Living on the Leestown road 3 miles from Lexington.

JOHNSON & WARNER Have just received, and for Sale at their Store corner of Mill and Main Streets, Lexington,

A large quantity of the best PRINTING INK, And an additional assortment of— BOOKS AND STATIONERY. Biddles Architecture Gibson's Surveying Furguson's Lectures --- Astronomy Simpson's Conic Sec

Webster's Philosophy tions
The Musical Primer, or the First Part of the
Art of Singing—By Andrew Law,
A large quantity of Bonnet Boards,
Folio and quarto post PAPER of the best

Black Sand, &c. &c, March 20, 1810.

FOR SALE,

TWO Tracts of Land lying in Campbell county, one a half mile, the other a mile from the Ohio river; about thirty acres cleared on each tract, with good log cabbins, out houses, springs of water which never fail; the whole land of the first quality—title in fee simple will be made. Whiskey, flour, country linen, horses

or negroes taken in payment.

For further information, apply to William Perry, living in Columbia, one mile from the

March 13, 1810.

Taken up by Kitty Biers, living I aken up by Kitty Biers, living living in Scott county, on south Elkhorn, one in Jessamine county, five miles from Nicholas bar MARE, about eight years old, fifteen ville, a Chesnut Sorrel Stud Colt, two years old hands high, the near hind foot white, a dim star

December 12, 1809.

A PROPOSAL

BY ZADOK CRAMER, BOOKSELLER, PITTSBURG, (Penn.) FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

NOTES OF A TOUR

WESTERN COUNTRY, THROUGH THE STATES OF OHIO & KENTUCKY, A VOYAGE

DOWN THEOHIO & MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND A TRIP THROUGH THE MISSISSIPPI TERRITORY, AND PART OF WEST FLORIDA. Commenced in the winter of 1807, and concluded in 1809.

BY F. CUMING.

SKETCHING the state of the vast tract of country through which he travelled, a distance of between three and four thousand miles. Early history—progress in settlement—population—manners—eustoms—natural & ar ificial curiosities -- rivers -- creeks -- townsvillages—manufactures—religion—politics— Indian wars and massacres—peculiarities of backwoodsmen and hunters—Indian mounts or ancient burying places-fortifications on the O-hio-Chickasaw and Choctaw Indians on the Mississippi-their manners and customs -- settlements on the Mississippi river-soil, products climate and diseases, &c. of these regions.

Paoposats for this work were issued some time ago, but its publication was necessarily delayed in consequence of the author extending his route, further than he at first intended, down the Mississippi river, through the Mississippi territory and part of West Florida. The Tour is now completed, and the manuscript in the hands of the publisher, and will be put to press immediately, and issued with as little delay as possible.

There were a number of subscribers to the first proposals, and more are now repsectfully solicited-those especially fond of encouraging soltched—those especially fond of encouraging literature and science—of learning the state of their own country, geographically and physically—of reading man as he is, with all his burdens on his back—of storing their minds with useful information, rational and beneficial amusement—Such will subscribe and read with considerable degree of pleasure—for ou author takes us as we are, with all our foible and faults-our vices and virtues-perfections and imperfections.

CONDITIONS.
This work shall be printed in one volume duodecimo size, of between 300 and 400 pages, with a new type and on a fine paper.

The price to subscribers shall not exceed

one dollar twenty five cents, neatly bound and lettered, and those who subscribe for nine copies, shall have one gratis, provided the money is paid on delivery of the books, which in all cases will be required—A further discount of five per cent, will be made to merchants who buy Subscription papers to be returned in the

course of three months—at which time it is ex-pected the work will be ready for delivery. UMBRELLA MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber having pur chased the whole of Mr. Usher's Stock, wishes to inform the public that he carries on the above business extensively in the house lately occupied by Mr. Daniel him. White, second door below the Branch Bank. He has now on hand an Assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols,

manufacture in the neatest manner, and out of the best materials. Umbrellasrepaired as above, at the shortest

Richard Marsh, jun.

March 13, 1810.

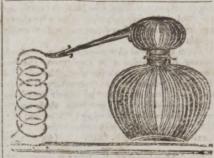
The Kentucky Hotel. THE Subscriber has leased of Mr. Henry Clay, for a term of years, that valuable stand for a Tavern, in the town of Lexington, formerly known by the name of Travellers' Hall, where he has opened a Hotel under the above stile .-The situation of this property, on the public square, directly opposite the North East front of the court house, and in the centre of business, gives it peculiar advantages. Great expense has been incurred in repairs and improvements, and in point of space, convenience and comfort the on SUNDAY morning on the Frankfort and CLD SADDLE, with a blue saddle cloth, the tree broken and no sterrup leathers—the owner may get it by applying to

7AMESHENDERSON.

The broken and comfort the apartments of the house are surpassed by none. A new stable has been erected on the back part of the lot which he ventures to pronounce is the best in the state, which will be under the immediate superintendance of Mr. William T.

Banton. He has provided himself with good servants, a plentiful stock of the best license. Banton. He has provided himself with good servants, a plentiful stock of the best liquors, and in short with every necessary calculated to accommodate and render agreeable the time of those who may favor him with their custom; and he trusts that from the attention which he means personally to give to every department of his business, he will be found to merit that patronage which he thus presumes to solicit from

the public. Cutbbert Banks Lexington, Jan. 1st, 1809.



STILLS FOR SALE.

AT THE COPPER AND TIN MANUFACTO-RY OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

large assortment of COPPER & TIN, and has engaged from the Eastward, some of the first workmen in his line of business, from which circumstance he can with full confidence assure his friends and the public, that any work done by him will be executed in a superior manner, to any done in this State heretofore-M. FISHEL:

N. B. Persons owing the firm of Fishel & Gallaten, are requested to settle their accounts, or they will after this notice, (if not attended to) Main street Lexington, 2d Jan'y. 1810.

Taken up by Timothy Marker, past, no brands perceivable, fourteen hands in her forehead, a natural pacer, appraised to high, appraised to \$12 before me,

Peter Higbee.

Lewis Nuckols, j. p. S. c.

January 12th, 1810.

NEW GOODS.

THOMAS D. OWINGS,

HAS received in addition to his former stock of Merchandize, and is now opening a large assortment of DRY GOODS.

Suitable for the present and approaching season. Also, TEAS of the best quality, viz. best Gunpowder, Imperial Young Hyson, Hyson Children and Child Hyson and Congo—with an assortment of Glass Ware, Queens Ware, &c. All being bought on the most reasonable terms, will be sold unusually lwo for cash- Lexington, 30th Sept. 1809.

ABNER LEGRAND Has just seceived from Philadelphia, A LARGE ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF celebrity. GOODS,

WHICH HE OFFERS VERY LOW BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. tf Lexington, December 26, 1809,

FANCY CHAIRS. WILLIAM CHALLEN respectfully in-

orms the public, that he has commenced the ANCY CHAIR making business, in the buse lately occupied by Mr. William Huston, on Main street, three doors below Main-Cross street, where he will carry on the above business with neatness and taste;—he flatters himself that from the long experience that he has had both in London and New York, that his work will please those whomay call on him. He has on hand and makes Black and Gold-White & do .- Brown and do .- Green and do .- Coque lico and do.-Bamboo &c. likewise Settees to match any of the above descriptions, all of which will be made in the neatest fashions and highly varnished which can be packed to send to any part of the state, without injuring. He likewise makes Windsor Chairs-all orders will be thankfully received and attended to with punctuality and dispatch, and his prices made rea-

May 8th, 1809.
N.B. Chairs Repaired and Painted, and all kinds of Ornamental Painting and Gilding executed with neatness.

Harrison Circuit Court, Feb. Term, 1810. THOMAS VANHOOK, Compl't. ENGALOW ADAMS & others defts.

This day came the complainant by his coun-

sel, & it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant Engalow Adams is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeabl to law and the rules of this court; on motion-of of the complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next June term, and answer the complainants bill, otherwise the same will be taken against him for confessed, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some public newspaper in this state for eight weeks successively.

A copy attest.
ANDREW MOORE, D. C. H. C. C.

Postlethwait's Tavern, Lexington, Ky. on Main-street, corner of Lime-

st one. street, lately occupied by Mr. J. Wilson.
J. POSTLETHWAIT has returned to his oldstand, where every exertion shall be used to accommodate those who please to call on him.

January 20, 1809.

The Noted Running Horse

YOUNG WHIP,

WILL stand the ensuing season, at my stable, eight miles from Lexington & three from Georgetown, in Scott county, and will be let to mares at twenty dollars the season, which may be discharged with sixteen, provided the money is paid by the expiration of the season, which will commence the 20th instant and end the 10th of July carry things. the 10th of July next; thirty dollars to insure a mare in foal, the money to be considered on lemand, as soon as it is ascertained she is it foal or disposed of; or at ten dollars the leap, to

be paid when the mare is covered.

Good pasturage, with never failing water, under good fences, gratis; and at the request of the owners, mares shall be grain fed and plentifully salted at four shillings and six pence per week. I will not be liable for accidents or

YOUNG WHIP is a beautiful bay, five years old the 8th day of August next, fifteen hands and a half high, possessing great strength and activity, and it is generally thought by all those symmetry has seldom, if ever, been seen in A-

PEDIGREE. The dam of Young Whip, Speckleback, by Celar, was out of Avered Mead's famous mare Brandon, and got by the noted imported horse Janus, whose character as a horse of great speed was admitted by all who knew him. Young Whip was got by the imported and celebrated turfhorse Whip, Whip by Saltram, and Saltram by Eclipse, who covered at two

hundred guineas the season.

Let it now suffice to say, that Young Whire has descended from a long-line of noble ancestry, which may be seen at his stand, by a perusal of the English Racing Calenders, and the pedigrees of his ancesters, which was, and is yet, supposed to be of the best running stock in England, whose redigrees have been thought England, whose pedigrees have been thought too lengthy to be here inserted. PERFORMANCE.

Young Whip, running against the best horses in Kentucky, has won seven races out of eight: one sweepstakes, two matches, and four Jocky Club purses, without losing a single

ABRAHAM BUFORD, WILLIAM B. COOK. March 12, 1810.

Fayette County, Sct.

Taken up by Samuel Harris, WHO has by the late arrivals received a living 5 miles from Lexington near Henry's mill road, a sorrei horse 6 years old, about 14 hands high from the Eastward, some of the first Black Mare about 20 years old, 13 1-2 hands high, has a small star and is hip shot, had on a 3 shilling bell; the horse appraised to 5 dollars, the mare to 20 shillings, before me this 10th February, 1810. RICHD. HIGGINS.

Mercer County, Sct. WILLIAM B. RICE Esq. returned that Tho. mas Moore, living on Shawnee run, has taken up a Bay Horse about 6 years old, about 14 ½ high, a star on his forehead a snip on his nose, hands shod before, has no brands perceivable at time, his tail rather short, appraised to \$ 30, A copy teste, THO. MILLIN c.c.

January 11th, 1810.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

urged by envy and penury) have been intruded on the public, feen for a day and then perished! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved

JUST RECEIVED,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF ORIGINAL

FAMILY MEDICINES,

PREPARED BY

RICHARD LEE & SON,

WHICH have been in high estimation

States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconfiderable evidence of their util-

ity, that during the above period, numer-ous imitations of every article (the pro-

ductions of ignorrace and inexperience,

and general use throughout the U.

Lee's Worm-Destroying Lozenges. This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild, certain and efficacious in its operations. Should no worms exist in the body, it will, without pain or griping, clenfe the flomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many satal disorders.

Lee's Elixir. A certain remedy for colds, coughs althmats, and particularly the whooping cough, fo destructive to children.

Lee's Essence of Mustard, So well known for the cure of rheuma-tifms, gout, palfy, fprains, &c. &c. Lee's Grand Restorctive,

Proved by long experience to be unequald in the cure of nervous diforders, confumptions, lownels of spirits, inward weak-

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, Which is warranted an infallible remedy it one application.

Infallible Ague & Fever Drops. For the cure of agues remittent and intermittent fevers. Lec's Genune Persian Lotion.

Celebrated for the cure of ring worms, tetters, &c. Lee's Genuine Eye Water. An effectual remedy for all diseases of

Tooth-Ache Drops. Which give immediate relief. Lee's Corn Plaister. Lee's Damask Lip Salve. Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

The Anodyne Elixir, For the cure of every kind of head-ache. The Indian Vegetable Specific, For the cure of venereal complaints.

Those medicines have come into general use, they are frequently purchased by not only Druggists, but by country store-keepers fell to again; in order that the purchasers may be confident they have the original genuine Medicines; wherever they purchase they have have been successful. purchase they have but to observe that every article of Medicine has on the outwrad wrapper, the figuature of the propri-

Michael Lee & Co. late Richard Lee & Son SOLD BY

SCOTT, TROTTER & Co. LEXINGTON.

A liberal discount to those who pur, chase to sell again, by directing a line post-paid to Michael Lee & Co, Baltimore.

NATHANIEL PRENTISS MAKES Boots & Sho., in the house lately occupied by Messrs-Fishell & Gallatin, nearly opposite Mr. Bradford's office, in such a maner as makes it the interest of the public to give

him a portion of their patronage. Shoemakers can be supplied with Lasts, Boot-trees, &c. &c. N. B. A lad of respectable connections, wanted as an apprentice.

> WANTED, TWO NUNDRED HOGSHEADS TOBACCO AND TEN THOUSAND GALLONS WHISKEY,

For which the highest going price will be given Halstead & Meglone.

For Sale.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, situated on

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, situated on the waters of Green river, in Green county, containing 666 2-3 acres. Negroes or Cotton will be taken in part or whole payment.

The subscribers have also for sale, 6000 lbs. Coffee, first quality—10 barrels Muscovado and Havannah Sugars of an excellent quality—6 barrels Tamers Oil—1 hogshead 4th proof Jamaica Rum—1 pipe Cogniac Brandy—1000 gallons old Whiskey; all of which will be sold low for each or approved notes at 30 and 667 ow for each or approved notes at 30 and 60

Also Trunks of every size and description, with any kind of Covering; Carpenter's and Joiner's tools, viz. Sash Plains double and single, with prickers and templets, Groving Plains with and without arms, different sizes, complete setts of Bench Plains, single and double ironed, Hallows and Rounds, Moulding Plains of every description Braces and Bitts, &c. &c.

Halstead 'S Meglone. Opposite the Markett House Lexington, K.

NEGROES WANTED. I wish to Hire thirty Negro Fellows to work at the Little Sandy Salt Works for which a generous price will be given.
ALFRED W. GRAYSON.

December 23d, 1809. WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FOUR GOOD NEGRO WAGGONERS: APPLYTO

A. W. Grayson. February 25th, 1810.